EMBRACING TECHNOLOGY WITHOUT STUMBLING: EMAIL AND THE LAWYER

	THE PROBLEM		CLAIMS PREVENTION
1.	Client Expectations Increase	1.	 Meeting Clients' Expectation Always acknowledge receipt of the client's email. Give the client a realistic time frame within which you will reply in full. Do not feel pressured to send a hasty yet incomplete reply. If you are out of the office, ensure that the out of office assistant is switched on. Remember to assign someone else within the firm to check your inbox at least twice a day in your absence. Reply acknowledge receipt of the email to the client.
2.	Prone To Hastiness	2.	 Formal Email Usage & Procedures Establish a written email policy that also addresses the firm's policy regarding storage, retrieval and deletion of emails.
3.	Failure To Check & Balance	3.	 Check & Balance Check and double-check the contents of the email you are about to send and to whom it is addressed. Avoid typo errors - Always have your spell check turned on when sending emails. Scroll down & check the whole message to prevent the inadvertent release of confidential information.
4.	Breach Of Confidentiality	4.	 Exercise Caution Use extreme caution when sending matters via email and the Internet containing "secrets" which would be harmful to client, in the event of interception or if the intended recipient pool is large and could create secondary harmful situations.
5.	Generation Gap	5.	 Induction For Seniors Interestingly, 'e-errors' are far more prevalent among senior staff than junior staff. A technology 'induction course' for senior staff may be a valuable addition to the firms' risk management plan.
6.	 Others Circulating inappropriate Internet content Harassment claims arising from email 'joke' Sending a virus to a client 	6.	 Contingency Plan Use Good Judgment - Email is a great communication tool, but it is not right for every occasion.